Scott River Fall Chinook Spawning Ground Surveys



Photo 1. Male and Female Chinook Carcass, November 10th 2014 (Siskiyou RCD).

Work Completed by the
Siskiyou Resource Conservation District
for the

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Introduction

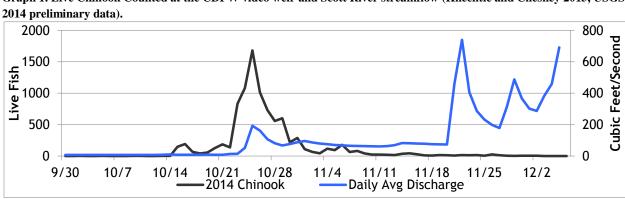
The Scott River is an important spawning tributary for natural fall run Chinook in the Klamath Basin. Since 1992, escapement estimates have been completed in the Scott River through cooperative Adult Chinook Spawning Ground surveys organized by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) and the United States Forest Service (USFS). The objective of these surveys is to collect information on run parameters including the timing, duration, age composition, hatchery contribution and redd distribution. The monitoring of this independent population provides valuable trend data including escapement estimates which are utilized by the Pacific Fisheries Management Council for the allocation of Klamath Basin fall run Chinook.

Surveys

The Annual Chinook Spawning Ground Survey Training was held at Indian Scott Campground on October 7th 2014. All RCD crews and Etna High School students who participated in the surveys attended the training event. RCD crews conducted Chinook spawning ground surveys from October 28th though December 2nd 2014. This included a minimum of bi-weekly surveys of Index Reaches 12 through 15 and sections of Reach 16 as landowner access permitted. Surveys were also completed on French Creek, Sugar Creek, Shackleford Creek, Mill Creek and the East Fork of the Scott River. Map 1 indicates the index reach breaks and the tributary reaches surveyed. Jim Morris, a former high school teacher, led a crew of 2-4 Etna High School students on several occasions. All surveys were carried out following protocols and procedures detailed in the Klamath Basin Cooperative Spawning Ground Survey 2014 Training Manual.

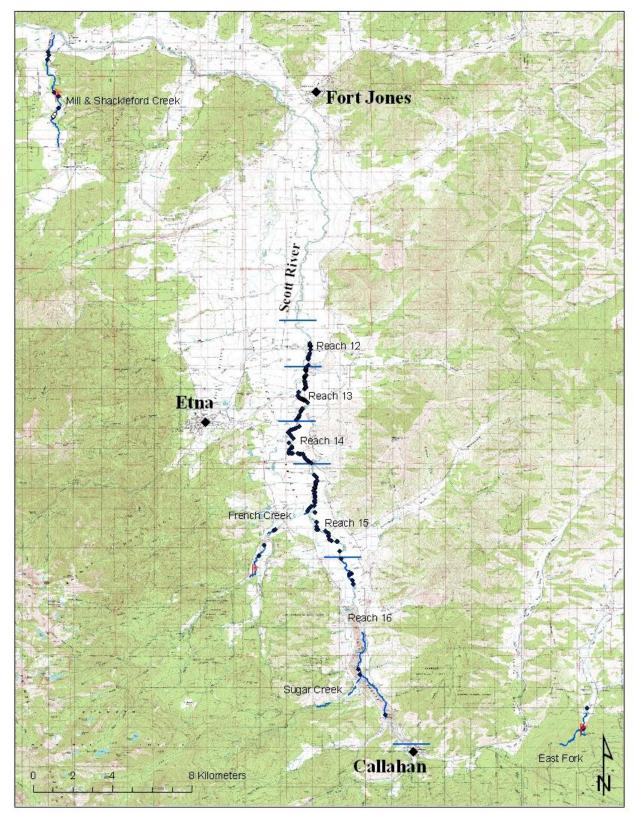
Lives

CDFW operates a counting station on the Scott River at river mile 18.2 near the downstream edge of the valley. A total of 9,052 Chinook were recorded passing through the video weir from October 2nd through December 2nd 2014 (Knechtle and Chesney 2015, preliminary data, Graph 1). However, the valley portion of the Scott River did not connect with the canyon until rains from October 22nd through October 24th 2014 increased flows. The USGS streamflow gage at river mile 21 climbed from < 20 cfs on October 24th to over 200 cfs on October 26th 2014 (USGS, 2014 preliminary data). Therefore, the 2,800 Chinook that passed through the counting station on or before October 24th did not have immediate access to valley spawning ground (Knechtle and Chesney 2015, preliminary data). Chinook were documented between Eller Lane (Blacks Bridge) and Fay Lane on the first RCD surveys completed October 28th 2014 (Table 1). Live Chinook were observed by surveyors in the valley reaches of the Scott River through December 1st 2014 (Table 1).



Graph 1. Live Chinook Counted at the CDFW video weir and Scott River streamflow (Knechtle and Chesney 2015, USGS

Map 1. Chinook Redds Documented (Siskiyou RCD).



Biological Samples

All carcasses encountered (with the exception of those that were inaccessible) were inventoried and then chopped to indicate that they had been handled. Surveyors recorded the fork length, sex, and presence of hatchery markings (if any). They also checked females for evidence of prespawn mortality. A total of 1,220 Chinook carcasses were handled and inventoried by RCD field technicians over the season (Table 1).

RCD personnel were permitted by CDFW for the biological sampling of 1,000 Fall Run Chinook. Samples were initially taken from all carcasses that were handled. However, when the total number of sampled fish approached 900, every carcass continued to be inventoried but only fresh carcasses were sampled. A total of 954 carcasses were sampled for scales (Table 1). Tissue and otolith samples were also gathered from selected carcasses, generally the first fish encountered per reach on each survey day. All samples were submitted to CDFW – Yreka for further distribution and analysis. For the purpose of this report, the upper extent of Chinook presence in the tributaries has been defined by the documentation of carcasses rather than redds because the species can be reliably determined. Chinook carcasses were found 2.5 miles up Shackleford Creek, 2.8 miles up French Creek and 6.3 miles up the East Fork of the Scott River. These findings are indicated by red flags on Map 1.

On November 12th 2014, a single male carcass with a fork Length of 100 cm was found on Reach 12 with a clipped adipose fin. The head was taken to CDFW – Yreka for recovery of the coded wire tag, which confirmed the origin of the fish to be Iron Gate Hatchery.

Redds

Flagging was not utilized during the Chinook run so all visible redds were counted on each survey. Redds were not recorded on some of the initial surveys (last week of October) because they were incomplete at this time. Positional information, in the form of GPS coordinates, were collected on selected surveys of Index Reaches twice during the survey season. An attempt was made to gather GPS coordinates on all tributary surveys to alleviate double counting, however, this was not achieved across the watershed. Table 1 shows the surveys for which GPS coordinates were gathered for redds and indicates those that have been included on Map 1.

Summary of Redd Counts

There was heavy spawning observed within index reaches 12-15 (Eller Lane to Fay Lane) as shown on Map 1. It must be noted that GPS coordinates were collected differently for some of the reaches. For Reach 14 and 15 coordinates were gathered for all "spawning sites" with a record of the number of redds in the immediate vicinity, however, for Reach 12 and 13 a waypoint was taken for each individual redd. Although, the difference in resolution between those reaches is not discernable on a map of the scale included in this report the Siskiyou RCD plans on standardizing positional data collection on future surveys. A total of 18 Chinook redds were documented throughout Reach 16, however, GPS coordinates are not available for all of these sites.

No evidence of Chinook spawning was documented on Sugar Creek (Table 1).

A total of 3 Chinook redds were found up the East Fork of the Scott River (Table 1).

Unfortunately, coordinates were not collected on initial surveys of French Creek dated November 14^{th} 2014, when the bulk of the Chinook redds were documented. Follow-up surveys on November 28^{th} and December 4^{th} may have counted previously observed redds. Based on these limitations the Siskiyou RCD estimates that within the surveyed sections of French Creek there were $28 \ (\pm 3)$ Chinook redds in the Middle Reach and $20 \ (\pm 2)$ Chinook redds in the Lower Reach.

GPS coordinates were collected on all surveys completed on Mill and Shackleford Creek. The first survey on November 26th 2014 was complicated by active spawning of both Chinook and coho adults. Surveyors took notes to differentiate redds by species but some could not be allocated with certainty. On Shackleford Creek the Siskiyou RCD documented 6 Chinook redds on the Middle Reach and 2 Chinook redds on the Lower Reach. There were also 3 redds located within the lower 1/3 km of Mill Creek that were characteristic of Chinook but could not be assigned with confidence. They are located above the most upstream Chinook carcass that was found and are indicated with an open circle on Map 1.

Conclusions

Since there were Chinook holding in the canyon until flows connected the valley, the spawning season was concentrated temporally. The video weir data shows that the majority (89%) of Chinook passed through the counting station on or before November 1st 2014 (Knechtle and Chesney, 2015). As soon as fish has access to the Scott Valley reaches they came in large numbers, spawned and died with reasonable synchronization.

References

Knechtle, M. and Chesney, D. 2015. 2014 Scott River Salmon Studies Final Report. California Department of Fish and Wildlife, Northern Region. Available at 1625 South Main Street Yreka Ca. 96097

U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). 2014. Discharge records for Scott River Gage 11519500 near Fort Jones. http://waterdata.usgs.gov/usa/nwis/inventory/?site_no=11519500&agency_cd=USGS

Table 1. Summary of Chinook Spawning Ground Surveys Completed by the Siskiyou Resource Conservation District, 2014 Fall

					Carcasses	Carcasses		
Date	Stream	Reach	Lives	Redds	Inventoried	Sampled	GPS	Notes
10/28/14	Scott River	R15	329	NR	0	0		Redds incomplete, not recorded
10/28/14	Scott River	R14	323	NR	0	0		Redds incomplete, not recorded
10/28/14	Scott River	R12	94	NR	0	0		Redds incomplete, not recorded
10/28/14	Scott River	R13	173	NR	0	0		Redds incomplete, not recorded
10/30/14	Scott River	R14	322	87	1	1		Redds still under construction
10/30/14	Scott River	R15	506	86	0	0		
10/30/14	Scott River	R13	257	NR	1	1		
10/30/14	Scott River	R12	118	NR	1	1		
11/3/14	Scott River	R15	466	57	17	17		
11/3/14	Scott River	R14	365	44	7	7		
11/3/14	Scott River	R12	110	NR	3	3		
11/3/14	Scott River	R13	373	NR	4	4		
11/6/14	Scott River	R15	311	161	66	66	✓Map 2	1 carcass inaccessible
11/6/14	Scott River	R12	66	56	15	15	✓Map 2	
11/6/14	Scott River	R13	151	152	36	36	✓Map 2	
11/7/14	Scott River	R14	226	138	100	100	✓Map 2	4 carcasses inaccessible
11/10/14	Scott River	R14	131	211	126	126		6 carcasses inaccessible
11/10/14	Scott River	R13	105	NR	96	96		
11/10/14	Scott River	R12	83	NR	24	24		
11/11/14	Scott River	R15	144	195	134	134		10 carcasses inaccessible
								2 carcass inaccessible, 1 carcass
11/12/14	Scott River	16, rkm 80-82	26	17	51	49		predation unable to sample
11/12/14	Scott River	R12	78	NR	61	61		
11/12/14	Scott River	R13	82	NR	49	49		
11/14/14	French Creek	Middle	27	25	16	8		
11/14/14	French Creek	Lower	21	18	10	0		
								13 carcasses not inventoried,
11/14/14	Scott River	R15	101	196	69	31		either predation or inaccessible

Carcasses Carcasses

Date	Stream	Reach	Lives	Redds	Inventoried	Sampled	GPS	Notes
11/15/14	Scott River	R14	48	87	79	48		3 carcass inaccessible
11/17/14	Sugar Creek	Middle	0	0	0	0		
11/17/14	Sugar Creek	Lower	0	0	0	0		
								2 carcass predation unable to
11/17/14	Scott River	16, rkm 87-88	2	9	42	0	✓Map 2	inventory
11/17/14	Scott River	R13	45	NR	19	19		
11/17/14	Scott River	R12	42	NR	14	14		
	East Fork Scott	China Cove to						
11/18/14	River	Masterson	1	NR	1	0	✓Map 2	
11/19/14	Scott River	R13	52	NR	16	16		
11/19/14	Scott River	R12	37	NR	19	19		
11/20/14	Scott River	R15	25	216	65	0		4 carcasses inaccessible
11/20/14	Scott River	R14	25	187	29	0		1 carcass inaccessible
								1 carcass predation unable to
11/21/14	Scott River	16, rkm 88-90	0	7	6	0		inventory
11/24/14	Scott River	16, rkm 86-85	0	0	1	0		
11/24/14	Scott River	R12	21	63	3	3	✓	
11/24/14	Scott River	R13	5	142	5	5	✓	
								Challenging identifying species
								of live fish, both Chinook and
								coho in the system, live count is
11/26/14	Mill Creek	Lower	17	2*	0	0	✓Map 2	approximate.
	Shackleford		1 /					2 carcasses predation unable to
11/26/14	Creek	Middle		5	1	0	✓Map 2	inventory
	Shackleford							4 carcases predation, unable to
11/26/14	Creek	Lower		2	2	0	✓Map 2	inventory
11/27/14	Sugar Creek	Middle	0	0	0	0		
11/27/14	Sugar Creek	Lower	0	0	0	0		

Date	Stream	Reach	Lives	Redds	Carcasses Inventoried	Carcasses Sampled	GPS	Notes
								1 carcass predation unable to
11/28/14	French Creek	Middle	0	6	5	0	✓Map 2	inventory
							1	Chinook redds hardly visible
12/1/14	Scott River	R14	0	90	12	0	✓	anymore
								Chinook redds hardly visible
12/1/14	Scott River	R15	2	154	6	0	✓	anymore
		R16, rkm 80-						2 carcasses predation unable to
12/2/14	Scott River	82	0	12	14	0	✓Map 2	inventory
	Shackleford							
12/3/14	Creek	Middle	0	1	2	0	✓Map 2	
	Shackleford							
12/3/14	Creek	Lower	0	0	0	0		
12/3/14	Mill Creek	Lower	0	1*	0	0	✓Map 2	
12/4/14	French Creek	Middle	0	0	0	0		
12/4/14	French Creek	Lower	0	4	0	0	✓Map 2	
12/10/14	Mill Creek	Lower	0	0	0	0		
	Shackleford							
12/10/14	Creek	Middle	0	0	1	1		
	Shackleford							
12/10/14	Creek	Lower	0	0	1	0		

NR = Not Recorded **Total 5,289 2,428 1,220 954**

^{*}indicates possible redds, open circle on maps